The True Economic Savings of UV Light

By Michael Kelly

UV coatings today are being qualified and implemented in a variety of industries and applications. The true benefit to implementing UV is true Economic Savings—Return on Investment. Understanding these true costs of each area is critical to your ROI+E—Return On your Investment. And with UV, you get one better—return on the Environment.

UV coatings can make production faster, smaller and cleaner.

Some sample customer applications for UV Coating on metal substrates:

Choose UV if you want Faster:
- Line Speed
- Coating Cure
- Coating Optimization

Choose UV if you want Smaller:
- Floor Space
- Work-In-Process
- Energy Consumption
- Maintenance Costs
- Capital Equipment Cost
- Quality Costs

Choose UV if you want Cleaner processes:
- Zero VOCs/No HAPs/NVPs
- Reduced Reporting
- Improved Health and Safety

The main question is ... “Does the project have an acceptable economic ROI?”

In order to best answer this question, a detailed economic analysis needs to be completed. The following analysis was conducted on a conversion from 35% solvent-based liquid coating to UV 100% solids-based liquid coating.

Application: Hydraulic Cylinder Manufacturing

Overview—Black UV Coating on Cylinder

| Substrate | Metal |
| Application | Rotary Bell Atomizer |
| Technical | High temperature will cause cylinder seal failure |
| Economics | Elimination of IR oven Elimination of work-in-process Improved quality/less waste Ability to re-claim and re-use coating |
Economic Review / Analysis

Faster Production Capabilities
Currently, the solvent-based production line speed is maximized at 10 feet per minute, limited mainly due to the size of the customer’s existing thermal oven system. With a well-designed UV-based coating system, 15 feet per minute can be attained, which equates to a net increase in production of 50 percent (See “Increase in Production” at right).

Faster Coating Cure
In the near future, the hydraulic cylinder is being redesigned with a new seal that will not tolerate any heat exposure. The customer’s existing thermal system exposes the hydraulic cylinder to 400°F for six minutes, which would cause irreparable damage to the part. The UV system would protect the part against excessive heat exposure, with maximum heat exposure being around 120°F. This is mainly due to the fact that the UV-curing system will cure/dry the paint in under two seconds.

Faster Coating Optimization—100% Solids Versus 35% Solids Solvent
The customer is currently purchasing solvent-based formulation at 35% solids for $27 per gallon. New UV coating is 100% solids and is priced at $75 per gallon.

Comparing Apples-to-Apples
• 35% solids solvent = Coverage equals 1,604 square feet @ 1 mil times 0.35 equals: 561.4 square feet. So, one gallon of solvent-based coating gives you 561.4 square feet of coverage @ 1 mil.
• To equal 100% solids UV coating coverage of 1,604 square feet @ 1 mil—1,604 square feet / 561.4 equals 2.857. Meaning, you would need 2.857 gallons of 35% solids solvent to equal 1 gallon of 100% solids UV coating.

Real Cost of Coverage—1,604-square-feet at 1 mil
• Real cost of solvent-based coating — 2.857 gallons times $27 equals $77.14.
• UV 100% Solids Coating—$75.00 per gallon.

Conclusion
Overall, UV 100% solids coating has a lower cost per gallon by $2.14.

Faster Coating Optimization—Reclaim
Solvent-based coating technology does not allow for reclaiming any coating that is not applied directly to the part. UV is different—you can reclaim 100% solids UV coatings and reintroduce it back into the system after filtering.

Reclaiming 100% Solid UV Coatings allows the overall spray system to achieve an estimated efficiency of 95% overall. For this application, it allows the customer to reclaim an estimated six gallons per shift:
2 shifts: 2 x 6 gallons x $75 per gallon = $900 per/2-shift period.

220 production days: 220 x $900 = $198,000 paint coating savings.
Only 100% Solid UV Coatings can offer this additional benefit of reclaiming coating and reaching an estimated efficiency of 95 percent (Figure 1).

Smaller Floor Space Requirements
The UV system will provide a much smaller footprint on the manufacturing floor:
UV Footprint: 550 square feet—Versus—Thermal Oven Footprint: 2,300 square feet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parts</th>
<th>18 inch centers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current line speed</td>
<td>10 feet / minute ~ 6.6 parts / minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UV coating line speed</td>
<td>15 feet / minute ~ 10 parts / minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional parts per minute</td>
<td>3.4 parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes per shift</td>
<td>480 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 shifts</td>
<td>2 x 480 x 3.4 parts = 3,264 parts per 2 shift period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220 production days</td>
<td>220 x 3,264 parts = 718,080 additional production units possible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Increase in production

FIGURE 1

UV reclaim overview

Removable Baffles
Stainless Steel Construction
Sealed Collector Tank
Overspray Deposits

AIR
AIR

Figure 1: Removable Baffles
Stainless Steel Construction
Sealed Collector Tank
Overspray Deposits

- 2 shifts: 2 x 6 gallons x $75 per gallon
- $900 per/2-shift period.

220 production days:
- 220 x $900 = $198,000 paint coating savings.
The UV-based coating system offers 72% less physical floor space versus the solvent-based coating system. This represents a significant cost savings for the customer (Figures 2 and 3). There is a cost associated with floor space.

**Smaller Work-in-Process (WIP)**

Work-in-process has associated costs because it ties up capital. The larger your WIP inventory, the larger your quality risk. The UV process basically eliminates your coating WIP. With the implementation of UV, the customer will reduce WIP by an estimated 450 units.

**Smaller Energy Consumption**

The UV process offers the opportunity to reduce energy consumption by a great margin. In this case, the UV system provides the customer in excess of $27,000 in annual savings (Figure 4 on next page).

**Smaller Capital Equipment Costs**

UV Systems typically cost less than oven-based curing technology and typically require shorter conveyors, less material handling and less mechanics overall. In the case of this customer, the thermal oven system was purchased several years ago. The new UV curing system must be utilized due to a redesigned part.

**Smaller Quality Costs**

With UV technology, quality problems are immediately noticed and addressed. With the current thermal coating system, you must wait until the product has been fully dried. Once you find a problem, you have a thermal oven full of scrap product, which dramatically increases your product scrap costs.

**Cleaner Processes**

100% solids UV systems typically have zero VOCs, no HAPs and no N-vinyl pyrrolidones. Solvent coating systems typically contain a variety of these pollutants and need to be specifically managed on-site at the customer’s location.

**Reduced Reporting**

Solvent systems typically require specific internal controls. 100% Solids UV offers the benefit of eliminating any VOCs and the associated reporting that can be required by local and state regulatory authorities. Elimination of any VOC scrubbers will also provide significant cost savings.
**Figure 4**

**Details on UV oven versus solvent-based system/energy costs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process Parameters—10 fpm current line speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>UV Oven—6 lights</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) UV Star Electrode lamps 6KW x 6 lamps = 36 KW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust blower for chamber 3KW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Cost:</strong> 39KW x $0.0787/KWH = $3.07/Hour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Solvent-based—400F/IR Front end & Gas** |
| Gas used after initial startup 412,000 BTUs/hour |
| ~ 412,000 BTUs/hour / 100,000 BTU/Therm = 4.12 Therms/hour |
| ~ 4.12 Therms x $0.6927/Therm = $2.85/hour |

| **Electric Usage** |
| IR Oven 30.0 KW |
| Cool Down Blowers (2) @ 30 HP each 45.0 KW |
| Exhaust Blower 1@ 5HP 3.7 KW |
| Heat Air Seals 2@ 15 HP each 22.0 KW |
| **Total:** 100.7 KW |
| 100.7 KW x $0.0787/KWH = $7.93 / hour |

**Total Cost:** (Gas Cost: $2.85 & Electric Cost: $7.93)/hour = $10.78 per hour

$10.78 Oven minus $3.07 UV savings = $7.71/hour

220 days x 16 hours (2 shifts per day)

savings = $27,139**

**Based on 220 days per year—2 8-hour shifts of production**

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**Improved Health and Safety**

With 100% Solids UV systems, the customer can eliminate health and safety issues typically associated with solventborne coating systems. However, sound safety practices still need to be followed when using UV coatings. Again, this can be assessed by measuring worker time away from work, compensation claims and external environmental impacts.

It is critical that a complete cost analysis is completed before any coating technology is selected. UV coating technology offers a great deal of advantages which typically will show ROI—Return on Investment—for your application, plus provide excellent environmental benefits.

UV delivers Faster, Smaller, Cleaner …Return on your Investment.

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